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Our aim is to give the most first-class goods for the least money.

Cider Vinegar, extra Pure Leaf Lard (best obtainable)

Other grades at less price. California Hams, best brand, per 1b..... 9e Sugar-Cared Bacon per 1b....... 10e Fine Creamery and Dairy Butter 15e

Our Special brand of Creamery But-ter (the best money will buy) put up in stoke jars, 41-2 lbs. net, per lb. 24c. If you want elegant Butter try Finest fresh Crackers per 1b ... 41-2e Our Crackers never over three days

Good Roller Process Flour per Best Roller Process Flour per \$2.85 Coffees 16c and upward, every pound warranted of superior quality and chenper than at wholesale. All kinds of Teas at jobbers' prices.

Don't be deceived by offers of cheap, trashy goods. We keep only first-class fresh goods and sell them at hard times prices. You save money on every article bought of us. Mail orders promptly attended to. Goods delivered free.

MONARCH GROCERY COMPANY

CONCORDIA SOCIETY Annual Excursion to Terre Haute

Sunday, June 17.

Special train will leave Indianapolis Union Station at 8 a. m. sharp, and leave Terre Haute returning at 8 p. m. sharp. The Concordia Society and the Schwabian Verein, of Terre Haute, will have a picnic at Forest Park, and the excursion train will stop at the park both going and re-

\$1.75 FOR THE ROUND TRIP. Children under twelve years of age, 90 cents. For tickets and further information call at Big Four Offices, No. 1 East Washington street, 36 Jackson Place and Union Station, or on the committee, Oscar Barthel, 540 East Washington street; William C. Schmidt, Excelsior Laundry, Masonic Bullding; Chris Warweg, corner Watts and Chifford avenues; L. Stoeling, 141 South Meridian street; E. J. Hoffman, 16 Union street. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton R. R. With their CAFE DINING CAR SERVICE, and FIVE Trains each way, daily, is the most delightful route between

Indianapolis and Cincinnati. If you want to enjoy comfort and luxury, take this SUPERD MOUTE. Ticket Office, corner linnois street and Kentucky avenue.

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(Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Ry. Co.)

The Vestibuled Pullman Car Line LHAVE INDIANAPOLIS. No. 30—Chicago Limited, Pull-man Vestibuled Coaches, Par-lor and Dining Cars, daily.....11:50 a. m.

Arrive Chicago Night Express, No. 36—Chicago Night Coache 5:30 p. m. ARRIVE AT INDIANAPOLIS. 33-Vestibule, daily....... 3:55 p. m. 35-Vestibule, daily....... 3.25 a. m. 9-Monon Accommodation,

For further information call at Union licket Office, corner Illinois street and Centucky avenue, and Union Station, and setts avenue. I. D. BALDWIN, D. P. A.

Will lend money on city property and farms on reasonable terms. Borrowers will save worry by applying directly to the company.

The company will allow interest on deposits of money which may be made at any time and withdrawn after notice or at a fixed date and will be entitled to interest for the whole time they remain with the company. Executors, administrators. or trustees of estates will find this company a convenient depository for money. It does not receive deposits payable on demand nor does it do a banking business.

Trust funds and trust investments are kept separate and apart from the assets of the company.

CAPITAL. - . . 8600.000 Officer No. 68 East Market Street.

OFFICERS. JOHN H. HOLLIDAY, HENRY EITEL, ond Vice Prest. and Treasurer SAM'L L. LOOK, ADDISON C. HARRIS,

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INDIANAPOLIS GAS COMPANY.

TICKETS TO BE HAD AT

49 South Pennsylvania Street.

The Sunday Journal, by Mail, \$2 a Year.

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Columbia Flour. BEST IN THE MARKET.

Public Libray 4505 MONARCH GROCERY CU Something Nice in Ties

An elegant line of stylish NECKWEAR—new patterns, Sheriff Leming, of Daviess County, new silks, in Tecks, Four-in-Hands and Windsors—that you Applies to the Governor. have a chance at to-day for

25 Cents, at

Band Concert to-night at 7:30, weather being favorable.

PROGRAMME. March-"Exposition". Reeves Fletow Ellenburg Hanem Waltz-"El'a". ... Walsh.

MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO., GOODS, NOTIONS, WOOLENS, Etc., Etc. 93, 95, 97 and 99 South Meridian St.,

We Open This Week

- Cases Net 3-4 COTTON CHALLIES. - Cases Net 3-4 HALF-WOOL CHALLIES.

(Wholesale Exclusively.)

- Cases Net COTTON CREPES. - Cases Net SIMPSON'S FINE PRINTED SATINES. - Cases Net PLAIN and PLAID BLACK ORGANDIES

Previous to our usual Semi-Annual Inventory we offer throughout all NO departments any odd assortment, broken lines, and small lots of seasonable. merchandise, to close.

Buy a Folding Bed. You will like our MAXINKUCKEE SOFA BED so much better. Come and see it. We carry a full line of Upholstered Furniture of our own manufacture.

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65 SOUTH ILLINOIS STREET, Grand Hotel Building.

Potter's WITCH HAZEL JELLY The nicest of summer preparations for Sunburn, Wind Chafing, Burning Skin and keeping the face and hands smooth and clear. IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES. Multiform directions accompany each tube. Price 25 cents. Prepared by be. Price 25 cents. Prepared by T. C. POTTER, Pharmacist, Cor. Pennsylvania and North sts., Ind anapolis.

M. M. CUMMINGS Is still successor to Van Pelt, and is the best place to get Flour and all those popular Food Cereals. You can find the only pure Whole Wheat and Gluten Flours. Feed of all kinds. 62 North Delaware st. Telephone 703.

Best made. Ask your Grocer

ESTATE IN DISPUTE.

An Executrix Charged with Keeping

Securities Valued at \$1,000,000.

KINGSTON, N. Y., June 1.-Edward Martin, known as the "millionaire philanthropist," died in December last in Redhook, and the general impression was that he was worth \$1,000,000 in securities and real estate in Chicago. He lived with Serena Martin, his niece, in Redhook, and she and Samuel Beers and a Mr. O'Connor, of Cook county Illinois, were appointed as executors, in accordance with provisions of his will. His estate was divided into forty parcels, the bulk of the estate being willed to Serena Martin and her immediate relatives. Recently an inventory of the estate was made by the executors, who reported it as valued at \$250,000. The heirs to the smaller portions considered this too small and gave William Martin power of attorney to look into the matter. It is now alleged he has found trace of securities, deeds, etc., It is said that the day after the funeral Serena Martin went to Iselin, N. J., taking with her a tin box, in which her uncle kept is securities. This she refused to surrender, claiming it contained bequests made by her uncle previous to his death, and therefore the securities did not belong to the estate. The heirs are willing to allow her to keep \$35,000, which, she says, her uncle gave her, if she will turn over the render of the securities in the tin box. This steadfastly refuses to do, and, in conequence, a Supreme Court writ has been served upon her to appear in Chicago, July 2, when she must show cause why she should not be removed as executrix.

SANE ENOUGH TO LOVE.

Mrs. Mills-Evans Elopes with an Lunatic Asylum Attendant.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 1 .- A strange romance comes from the State asylum at Agnew. Nearly a year ago a bright appearing young woman, giving her name as Mrs. Evelyn Leonore Ballou Mills-Evans, was arrested here for swindling fashionable boarding houses, and a maid and a nurse, who had trusted her. She was twice taken before the Board of Lunacy and pronounced sane. A police magistrate then pronounced her guilty of the crime charged and sentenced her to six months' imprisonment in the House of Correction. Then it transpired that the woman had a wealthy prother in Sacramento and another in New York, who is connected with the great house of Tiffany. She was pronounced insane and she was removed from prison to the asylum. There she strangely encountered an acquaintance of her girlhood, J. A. Beardsly, who was employed as at-tendant. Now Beardsly and Mrs. Milis-Evans are both missing from the asylum. One resigned his position and the other escaped. It transpires, too, that the woman has secured a divorce from her second hus-band, a mechanic, named Evans, whom she married in San Francisco, and that she is now the wife of J. A. Beardsly. The Ballou family is well known in New York. Beardsly is the son of a former New York banker. is mother now lives at White Plains,

Negro "Shot Full of Holes." JACKSON, Tenn., June 1 .- Yesterday evening Frank Ballard, a negro, met Miss Birdie Thomas, a white girl about seven years old, in the road near Homer. Tenn., and assaulted her. The girl resisted. Bal-lard struck at her with a knife, and she broke off the blade. He then seized a club and was about to brain her when his broth-er came up and pulled him away. Ballard fled. A posse was organized, and this morning Ballard was caught, tied to a tree and shot full of holes. The body was turned over to Ballard's brother, who saved the life of the girl.

Take Simmons Liver Regulator to im-prove the appetite, to strengthen the sys-tem, to stimulate the liver, to cleanse the

CORRUPTION IN BOSTON.

Rev. Dr. Lansing Makes Sensationa Charges Against the Police.

BOSTON, June 1.-The Rev. Dr. J. Lansing, of the Park-street Church, this city, has entered upon a crusade upon police corruption: He is backed by the New England Moral Reform Club. Dr. Lansing alleges that the police of the city are in billusion with the proprietors of disreputable places, so that if such places are t be raided the inmates are warned in time He declares: "We have proof that the police have taken money. We know when was paid and what it was paid for, who paid it and who received it. We have names, dates, times and affidavits, with all the details to secure conviction in open court. We know who the go-betweens are and the police who have hobnobbed with those arrested for keeping these houses and who have aided the keepers to get clear." It is understood that Dr. Lansing will at once prefer formal charges before Police Commissioner Whiting said to reporter: "The first intimation that our

captains and officers have been guilty of bribe taking from the keepers of disreputable houses came to us in the charges made in a public address by Mr. Lansing. We heartily invite him or any citizen to come before us with any evidence they may have of corruption in our department, and we promise immediate attention and prompt action. This clergyman says he has spec evidence of such corruption, and has nad it for some time. The only comment to be made then is that he has been sadly remiss in his duty in not presenting his tes-timony to us. Let the members of the So-clety for Moral Reform come to us, in-stead of creating sensations, and they will be extended every courtesy and given every

Paid for Police Protection NEW YORK, June 1 .- James Prim, who for six years kept a disorderly house i Bayard street, testified before the State Senate investigating committee to-day that at the time he was paying for police protection. First, he was taxed \$25 a month, tion were \$4,300. He paid the money, he to ward detective Connors. With every change of police captains the witness was required to pay what was called an initiation fee, which ranged from \$300 to \$500, the ward detectives, sometimes Con-nors and sometimes Schmidt, collecting the

MISSIONARY ASSAULTED.

Facts Concerning the Attack on Miss Imhoff, in Japan.

NEW YORK, June 1.-The Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church sends to the Associated Press the following

"A dispatch from Vancouver has been extensively printed affirming that 'Miss Imhoff, a teacher in the Anglo-Japanese school in Yonezawa, went into the temple devoted to the god Usovug on the day devoted by the natives to the worship of the god and preached against the worship of graven mages and speered at the native deity. At the conclusion of the sermon Miss Imhoff was chased, knocked down with stones and her eyes put out.' The facts in the case are that Miss Imhoff had been holding a service in her own usual place. On her way home a stone was thrown by some one which hit one of her glasses, breaking it and driving some pieces into her eye. She received skillful treatment, and it is hoped the eye will be saved. Her spirit of forgiveness toward the perpetrator of the deed has won great admiration from both Christians and non-Christians."

SHOT ON A TRAIN

Because He Refused to Assist in Robbing Passengers.

CHICAGO, June 1.-Special Agent James C. Maxwell, of the Grand Trunk railroad, is under arrest here, charged with being implicated in the fatal shooting on an incoming train, last night, of George C. Newcomb, assistant special agent of the Western Indiana railway. Maxwell, after the shooting, reported that Newcomb had been shot by confidence men, but in an ante-mortem statement the latter made disclosures that indicate the existence of a conspiracy between Maxwell, the chief prosecuting agent of the Grand Trunk, and the gang of confidence men who had been operating on the road to rob the passengers and divide the plunder. Newcomb, who is dying at Mercy Hospital, thinks he was shot because he would not join in the was shot because he would not join in the villainous enterprise.

Jerry Simpson's Recovery Doubtful. BERKLEY SPRINGS, W. Va., June 1 .-Congressman Jerry Simpson, of Kansas, accompanied by Mrs. Simpson, Representative Lafe Pence, of Colorado and editor Dunning, of the National Watchman, have arrived here. Representative Pence, while hoping for the best, expressed himself as doubtful of the complete recovery of Mr.

Applies to the Governor.

He Requests Sufficient Militia to Hold in Check Six Hundred Riotons Strikers at Cannelburg.

THEY LAUGH AT INJUNCTIONS

And Ref 1se to Permit the Railway to Haul Coal Trains.

Situation So Serious that the Judge of the Circuit Court Joins in the Appeal for State Troops.

TERRE HAUTE CONFERENCE

Governor Matthews Listens to Sullivan County Authorites,

Who Also Make a Demand for Militia to Assist in Moving Trains Long Held Up at Shelburn.

TAKEN

Governor May Wait Till Monday Before Exercising Authority.

He Urges the Local Officials to Make Another Attempt to Raise the Blockade -Affairs at Lyford and Brazil.

The request for troops has come. For ome days the situation among the striking miners has been critical, and it has now reached a point where State aid has been invoked to enable the railroad companies to move their trains. The Governor's proclamation has proved futile, the strikers paying little or no attention to it, and last evening Sheriff Leming, of Daviess county, wired the Governor that he could not move

The Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern trains have had hard work since Tuesday getting through Cannelsburg, a little town a few miles east of Washington, and for fours days past all coal trains have been held by the strikers. There are two hundred of the latter, and they are armed and determined. Judge Heffron, of the Daviess Circuit Court, issued an injunction restraining the strikers from interfering with the trains, but the men paid no attention to the writ, laughed at any order from the court and defled the sheriff.

All this information is conveyed in the telegram from Sheriff Leming to the Governor last evening. He also states that by this morning he expects the force of miners will be swelled to six hundred men, most of them armed, and the railroad company fears that its mail trains will be held and the railroad line blocked. The sheriff says it is impossible for him to organize a force of citizen deputies capable of coping with the miners. Judge Heffron and the deputy prosecutor join with him in the telegraphic request for troops, and they urge that the force sent be adequate to meet a body of six hundred men.

Private Secretary Myron King repeated ernor at Terre Haute last night, and told a Journal reporter that there might be a conference at that place among the State officers who are there with the Governor, among whom is Adjutant-general Robbins. He thought it quite probable that as a result of such a conference the Governor would wire two or three companies to proceed at once to Cannelsburg and give the railroad company the protection which the local authorities are unable to afford. The Governor was to leave Terre Haute at o'clock this morning for his home in this city. It looks now as if, the ice having been broken, requests for State militia aid would come thick and fast during the next twenty-four hours. The miners at Cannelsburg informed Sheriff Leming that they would not allow the railroad company to move any coal, and they act as if they meant every word they said. The Journal's Terre Haute correspondent

telegraphed early this morning as follows: "Governor Matthews, last night, received a message from Washington, Daviess county, stating that two hundred armed miners had captured a coal train. The Governor said he would not act in the matter because the advice was so meager. He left here at 1 o'clock this morning for Indianapolis. It is safe to say that he will not order out the militia for Shelburn or elsewhere before Monday. The message the Governor received from Daviess county was sent by the judge of the court and the sheriff. Last night the street numbers of Company B were obtained under the belief that the militiamen might be needed on short notice. The Governor says he will do nothing in regard to Shelburn until he hears the report of to-morrow's effort, and that as Sunday is not a good day for action nothing will be done before Monday."

THE AVAILABLE MILITIA.

Brig. Gen. McKee Has Received No Orders from the Governor. At 11 o'clock last night Brig. Gen. W. J McKee was asked if he had received any orders from the Governor to have troops

to send troops to Daviess county to-day more guilty of violation or law than are he will have to give the order direct to the railroad companies which confiscate General McKee, who will, in turn, detail the | shipments of coal to their own use. This has companies. The detail must be entirely in been a practice of some roads whenever the hands of General McKee, and he said there has been a miners' strike. The men last night that if it was necessary he could have often asked by what authority the have twenty-five hundred men in the mining regions within twenty-four hours after present strike made a quiet investigation receiving the Governor's orders. Of course, it is not probable that any such number of men would be needed. There are a number of companies within short distance of this city, besides companies at Terre to their case than it is to that of the rail-Haute, Sullivan and other points near the | road companies, and that they ought not mining regions.

Adjutant-general Robbins, a few days ago, said in a conversation that he did not think it would be the best plan to call although he did not doubt that these troops would do their full duty. However, he thought it would be best to call troops, if needed, from other portions of the State. There was a regular drill of the Indianapolis Light Infantry last night, and the probability of a call being issued was discussed among little groups. The matter

meeting of the company. The Governor was due to return to Indianapolis about half past 3 o'clock.

The Governor Replies to Smith. On Thursday Attorney-general Smith told a reporter that there was no money to meet the expenses of the militia if it was called out, and said the cost should be charged to the counties where the soldiers are sent. Yesterday, before leaving for Terre Haute, Governor Matthews said: "I am sorry the Attorney-general has said what he did yesterday, if correctly quoted. I believe my proclamation will be well received by the miners, and sheriffs and peace officers are expected to do their and peace officers are expected to do their duty. If necessary to call out the militia to maintain law and order, I say the members will be paid. The consideration of dollars and cents weighs little with the importance of protecting life and property, the principles of government, the rights of citizens and the organization of society itself. The Attorney-general must give himself no concern about the treasury. The expenses will be met. However, I do not believe yet the necessity will arise to

STATE AID REQUESTED. Sullivan County Officials Confer with Governor Matthews.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 1.-The cor duct of the striking miners at Shetburn, on the Evansville & Terre Haute road to-day was such that Governor Matthews held conference here at 4 o'clock this afternoo with Judge Briggs and Sheriff Mills, of Sullivan county. The Governor was quested to order out State troops to preserve the peace, but he prevailed on the county officials to make another attempt to hold the rioters in check.

This morning Sheriff Mills accompanied

a train crew, with Train Master Thompson, to Shelburn in another attempt to move the eighteen cars of Kentucky coal which the miners captured a week ago, when it was on its way to Chicago. Sheriff Mills attempted to read the Governor's proclamation. Yesterday the men listened to it in sullen silence. To-day they would not listen, and those who remained in hearing distance put their fingers in their ears. An engine was coupled to the train, but the miners swarmed over the cars, set the brakes, threw away the coupling pins and otherwise prevented the crew moving the cars from the sidetrack. The wives and daughters of the strikers stood at one side and encouraged them. Finally the effort was abandoned and the sheriff telegraphed to the Governor that he was powerless to render sufficient aid. The Governor received this message just as he was leaving Indianapolis with his staff and several State officers with a number of ladies, to take part in the swell reception at the opening of the new armory of Company B, First Regiment, Indiana Legion. He telegraphed to Sheriff Mills to meet him here, and at 4

o'clock the Sullivan county officers came to the city on a special train. While the gaudily uniformed staff officers were joyously greeting friends in the hotel corridor Governor Matthews was holding a hurrled and unobserved conversation with the Sullivan county officials and the Evansville & Terre Haute railway managers. The officials wanted the Governor to call out the militia, but the executive was not convinced that the sheriff had exhausted every resource. As a result of the conference the sheriff will make one more effort to move the coal to-morrow by calling out a posse of citizens. Judge Briggs assured the Governor that he would exert all the authority of his court to enable the sheriff to secure a posse. That this official will meet with difficulty in getting a posse there is no doubt. Even with a posse of a considerable number it is very doubtful if the coal can be released. The undertakng will be a ticklish one, and the slightes blunder may lead to serious consequences.

On the train which brought the Governor's party to this city there was a company of United States soldiers on their way to the West. They were mistaken for militia, and the miners at Brazil and Knightsville catching sight of them, it was not long until the word was sent through the mining country. At Shalburn the man were expecting the militia all day. They do not say what they will do when the soldier boys come, but that they have not given over the purpose of praventing the shipment of outside coal is very evident. The doubt is whether they will resist the militia or permit this lot of coal to be removed and stop the next shipment after the militia has left the locality. There is also danger of wrecking trains. There are hot-headed and desperate young men, who, it is feared, may resort to tearing up the track or destroying culverts and bridges to obstruct traffic. One of the railroad 'company officials was given a tip that if they succeeded in starting the train at Shelburn they ought to make a careful examination of the second car. It was intimated that dynamite had been placed in or under

The strikers deny that the Governor's proclamation is addressed to them, because they are not an organized body. They claim to be acting as individuals. There is no local assembly of the United Mine Workers in the Shelburn district, where there are six hundred miners. There was a local organization some years ago, but the men withdrew when they lost the eight-hour-day

It is expected that if the militia is sent to Shelburn the miners will at least have a great deal of their sort of fun with them. To most persons their playful pranks take on a very serious aspect. At Lyford they amused themselves by catching newspaper men and threatening to hang them, or by making strangers "walk Spanish" away from the place where they had side-tracked the captured coal train. Superintendent Corbett, of the E. & T. H., was at Shelburn with a special engine and caboose the other day. The men had given him five minutes to leave town and he was standing on the platform of the car waiting for the signal to start, when they called to him not to be in a hurry, that he had "three minutes yet." The committee that waited on him told him that "the boys" wanted him to leave and had given him five minutes to do so. When the committee returned to the men the latter were much aggravated because the message was not

hour. In the event the Governor decides | the claim of the men that they are no companies could do it, and early in the of the matter. They learned that the only law permitting the companies to do it is the law of necessity. The reasoning of the men is that this law is more applicable to be proceeded against if nothing is done

It is reported here that the dirt screening?

with the railroad companies.

at the mouth of the mines at Pana is sellout troops living in the mining regions, ing at \$1.50 a ton. There are hundreds of cars of this stuff at the mines in this and Clay and Parke counties that could be sent the railroad companies in handling it. Sheriff Stout, of this county, has not read the Governor's proclamation anywhere in the county. He says he has not learned of any violence which would call for its reading. The only place in the was not broached, however, at the business county where there has been any interference with railroad traffle is Fontanet, the Big Four's coaling station, where the eight hundred miners boarded a westbound freight train to go to Pana a week ago to-night. For a day or two the strikers held up freight trains and breaking the seals of cars searched for coal The first of the week the men were advised that they were making a mistake and injuring their own cause, and it is said they have not since flagged trains to make the search, but information on this point is contradictory. Certain it is that there are several cars of coal standing at that place which are billed to Chicago.

AT CANNELBURG.

Every Freight Train Hauling Coal Sidetracked by Strikers.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Ind., June 1 .- The strike Station (Cannelburg) ten miles east here, held up three freight trains with coal in transit, and have refused to allow the cars moved. They also sidetracked every freight hauling coal to-day, and now have about forty cars in the sidetrack. The sheriff made a formal demand for the release of the cars this morning, and was refused. He returned to this city, and a restraining order was issued to him to be served on the miners. He went to that point and was treated with contempt, the men absolutely refusing to allow him to read the court's order. Steps are now being taken to move the cars, and miners are massing at the seat of trouble, fully determined to resist any measures that the company or the agencies of the law may put into action. Over five hundred are already at Clark's.

No Violence at Lyford. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CLINTON, Ind., June 1.-The miners here and at Lyford are very quiet and peaceable to-night and there are no threats or attempts at violence. The failure to settle in Illinois has materially changed the situation and aroused a stronger determination to win this strike. Every country bank is closed and no one can tell when the end will come. The miners are now canvassing for aid, and are being liberally helped by the citizens and business men There is a bitter feeling against the Consolicated Coal Company, of Illinois, and there is some talk of marching against them. The miners here will try to hold out all summer, as there is now a demand for wood, and it is beginning to move by the carload.

Continued Interference at Brazil.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BRAZIL, Ind., June 1 .- Notwithstanding the letter received by the miners from President McBride yesterday admonishing them to be peaceable and the Governor's proclamation, two freight trains were stopped at Knightsville, on the Vandalia, east of here, last night. The miners have conceived a plan which prevents the enconceived a plan which prevents the en-gineer dashing past at such a high speed that the strikers cannot climb on. They push box cars from a side track on the main line in front of the freights, block-ading them. After thoroughly investigating the trains and discovering that there was no coal being handled the strikers permit-ted them to pass on. The strikers in this city are quiet and orderly, and it is said that the miners in the north part of the county are allowing the C. & E. I. officials to move slack that has been standing or the side track for some time.

PHYSICIANS ADJOURN.

Papers Discussed at the Closing Session of the Congress.

WASHINGTON, June 1 .- The visiting delegates to the triennial congress of American Physicians and Surgeons held their annual business meeting this afternoon. The general session, under the direction of the American Laryngological Association, was commenced after the business of the congress had been disposed of. The subject of the papers during the hour and a half allotted to the organization was "The Surgery of the Accessory Sinuses of the Nose." The discussion that followed was participated in by the following: Dr. F. H. Bosworth, professor of diseases of throat in Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York; Dr. J. N. Mackenzie, lecturer on laryngology in the Johns Hopkins Uni-versity, and clinical professor of diseases throat and nose in the University of Maryland; Dr. J. H. Bryan, surgeon to the throat department of the Garfield Mem-orial Hospital of this city, and Dr. John O. Roe. of Rochester, N. Y. The last general session of the congress was given over to the American Neuro-logical Association. "The Influence of In-

fectious Processes on the Nervous Sys-tem" was discussed by Dr. James J. Putnam, professor of nervous diseases in Harvard Medical School. Dr. Charles K Mills, of the University of Pennsylvania, followed by reading a paper on "The Relations of Infectious Processes to Mental Disease." The session was brought to a conclusion by a discussion of "The Therapeu-tics of Infectious Processes," by Dr. F. X. Dercum, of Philadelphia. After an address by President Loomis the congress

OPERA SINGER DEAD.

Bessie Kendricks, of the "Crystal Slipper" Company, at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, June 1.-Bessie Kendricks, thirty-four years old, a member of the "Crystal Slipper" Opera Company, died suddenly here to-day at a lodging house at No. 532 Grant street. It is believed she was the wife of Frank J. Raichell, of Chicago, and had her six-year-old daughter with her. The coroner's jury brought in a verdict that death was the result of a criminal operation performed by herself. Just before death she admitted what she had

Herbert Bismarck Not in America. NEW YORK, June 1.—The statement that Count Herbert Bismarck was a pas-senger on the steamer Normannia, which arrived here last night from Hamburg and Southampton, was erroneous. He em-barked on the Normannia in Hamburg, but disembarked in Southampton for a visit to

Head-End Collision.

MIAMISBURG, O., June 1.-Engineer in readiness to leave for the mining regions. He said he had received no communication from the Governor. The information that a call had been made for troops was not furnished General Mckee till that delivered as sent. It was: "Go tell the ———— to take his playthings (special train, was seriously injured at 4 a. m., in a head-end collision with a north-bound freight near here. Both engines and two coaches were ruined. Several passengers were slightly hurt.

Cleveland and Carlisle Not at Outs on the Tariff Bill.

Official Statement of the Secretary's Part in the Preparation of the Sugar Schedule.

NATURE OF HIS SUGGESTIONS

to market if there were no interference with | And Reason of His Visit to the Capitol Sunday, May 6.

> Why He Gave the Letter to Refiner Havemyer-Mr. Warner's Testimony-Debate in the Senate.

> WASHINGTON, June L-It is stated on the best authority that President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle have been in entire and perfect harmony in all their actions

in regard to the tariff bill. Secretary Carlisle's part in the preparation of the sugar schedule of that bill is officially stated as follows: Senator Jones called upon and informed him that the subcommittee had agreed upon the sugar schedule and requested that he put it in proper form. This the Secretary did, the paragraph prepared being one of a few lines and providing that after Jan. 1, 1895, there shall be levied and collected on all sugars a duty of 40 per cent., and upon all sugar above No. 16 Dutch standard in pound in addition to the duty of 40 per cent. ad valorem. This amendment was sent to Senator Jones at the Capitol. In the afternoon, in response to a request of Senator Jones, Secretary Carlisle visited the Capito and was informed that other changes were under consideration, and being requested to do so, made some interlineations in the

amendment, so that it read: "On or after Jan. 1, 1895, there shall be levied and collected on all sugars not above No. 16 Dutch standard in color, and on all tank bottoms, syrups of cane juice or o beet juice, melada, concentrated melada o concrete and concentrated molasses a duty of 40 per cent., and upon all sugars above No. 16 Dutch standard in color there shall be levied and collected a duty of 45 per

As already stated, Secretary Carlisle prepared the original amendment in accordance with the compromise that had been reached by the Democratic members of the finance committee, and the alterations made in the amendment at the Capitol were made to meet the views of the committee The committee then decided that a provision should be incorporated, providing that the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty should not be affected by the schedule. The book containing the treaties was obtained by Secretary Carlisle from the room of the foreign committee and he wrote the provision which preserves the Hawaiian treaty. All this is in the handwriting of Secretary Car-

The above event occurred on Saturday. May 5. That night it occurred to the Secretary that the first paragraph of the schedule, providing for the repeal of the bounty. fixed the date of repeal for July 1, 1894, while the duty on sugar was not to be operative until Jan. 1, 1895. Knowing It to be the intention of the committee to issue a print of the amended bill on Monday, Secretary Carlisle, on Sunday morning called at the house of Senator Jones for the purpose of directing attention to the discrepancy. If the bounty should be repealed on July 1, 1894, and duty should not be imposed until six anonths thereafter, there would be a period during which there

would be neither bounty nor duty. Mr. Carlisle was satisfied that the discrepancy would be discovered after the bill was printed, but he naturally desired to save the committee from the criticism which would follow so palpable an error. Finding that Senator Jones had gone to the Capitol, the Secretary drove there and found Senators McPherson, Jones and Vest and Representative Breckinridge, of the ways and means committee, engaged in going over the bill. That visit on Sunday morning. May 6, was the only visit made by Mr. Carlisle to the committee without an invitation, and the charge alluded to is the only original suggestion he made in connection with the formulation of the

With reference to the giving of a letter to Mr. Havemyer, introducing that gentleman to Senator Mills, the following statement is made: That was a mere matter of courtesy and routine. When Mr. Havemyer presented himself at the Treasury Department he was informed that he should call upon those who were framing the bill. Mr. Havemyer had slight acquaintance with Mr. Mills, and in order to save time and insure him a conference with this Senator, Secretary Carlisle, at the request of Mr. Havemyer, gave him a note of introduction. There was nothing improper or unusual in this. Similar lesters had been given by Mr. Carlisle to gentlemen who called on him in connec tion with the tariff, some of whom were manufacturers whom he personally knew, and who desired to secure changes in the

rates fixed by the committee. The story that Mr. Carlisle called on the committee on his own motion and insists ed that a certain schedule for sugar be adopted for the reason that the Sugar Trust had made liberal contributions to the Democratic fund, is denied emphatically by the Secretary.

DEBATE IN THE SENATE.

Sugar Schedule Taken Up and Disc cussed by Mr. Manderson. WASHINGTON, June 1 .- The Senate today considered the sugar schedule of the tariff bill. Most of the session was occupied by Mr. Manderson, who spoke against the provision. Senator Harris thinks too much time is being wasted, and this evening he declared with his wonted emphasis that the country was impatient and had a right to be impatient over the slow progress made with this bill, and that business interests everywhere were suffering from the utterly inexcusable delay. He gave notice that after Monday he would, if he were able, compel the Senate to endure longer hours

until the bill was disposed of. When the Senate opened this morning there was a large horseshoe of roses on the desk of Senator Proctor, of Vermont in honor of that gentleman's sixty-third

birthday anniversary. Senator Hoar presented a petition from the New England industrial army, asking legislation which would guarantee work to the unemployed. It was referred to the

committee on rules. The bill granting additional lands in the Hot Springs reservation to the Berry Hose pital was passed. It was within five minutes of 10:30 when

the morning business was finished. Senator Hill, of New York, made no effort to get his resolution to instruct the bribery committee to throw open its doors to the public. It went over without prejudice, as did Sen-